

## Type 2 diabetes remission

*Remission in people with type 2 diabetes means that your blood sugar levels are no longer in the range for diabetes, without needing to take any diabetes medication.*

*Research tells us that remission is most likely to be achievable closer to your diagnosis – and is strongly linked to weight loss.*

*Some people call this reversing type 2 diabetes, but we prefer the term remission because your blood sugar levels can rise again.*

*Although the research suggests that not everyone will reach remission, there are many other benefits directly linked to losing excess weight.*

The Diabetes UK-funded 'DiRECT' trial saw almost half of those who went on a low calorie, total diet replacement programme, achieve remission of their type 2 diabetes after one year. A quarter of participants achieved 15kg or more weight loss, and of these, 86% put their type 2 diabetes into remission.

The NHS Type 2 Diabetes Path to Remission Programme is based on this study as well as other key trials and has shown similar levels of weight loss for participants.



Oviva is a digital behaviour change company. Our team of specialist healthcare professionals, combined with our unique digital tools, support people with type 2 diabetes to improve their health and better self-manage their condition.

**Please speak to your GP practice to see if you might be eligible for referral.**

For more information about the NHS Diabetes Programme visit [www.england.nhs.uk/diabetes](http://www.england.nhs.uk/diabetes)

**Please note**, NHS England will not be able to provide any clinical advice, refer people onto the programme or answer individual questions about your eligibility for the programme.

For general enquiries about the programme, contact us:

[england.t2diabetesremission@nhs.net](mailto:england.t2diabetesremission@nhs.net)  
[@NHSDiabetesProg](https://twitter.com/NHSDiabetesProg)



# The NHS Type 2 Diabetes Path to Remission Programme

for people living with type 2 diabetes

Service provided by



# The NHS Type 2 Diabetes Path to Remission Programme

The NHS is delivering a new programme which provides a specially formulated diet for 3 months followed by healthy lifestyle support, for people who are living with type 2 diabetes and obesity, or overweight.

The programme is based on research which showed that this approach helped people living with type 2 diabetes and obesity, or overweight, to lose over 10kg in weight, improve their blood sugar levels, reduce diabetes-related medication and, in almost half of participants, put their type 2 diabetes into remission.

The programme is being offered to eligible people in certain areas and will be available across England by Spring 2024.

## How it works

Eligible participants will be offered low calorie, total diet replacement products including soups and shakes consisting of 800 to 900 kilocalories a day for up to 12 weeks. During this time participants will be expected to replace all normal meals with these products.

Alongside this, participants will receive support for 12 months including help to re-introduce food after the initial 12-week period.

This support will provide participants with the help and advice they need throughout every stage of the programme.

Your GP practice will be kept informed of your progress and if any medication changes might be needed.



## Who is eligible

The programme is being offered to eligible people in certain areas and will be available across England by Spring 2024. For a full list of the areas where the service is being delivered, visit:

[www.england.nhs.uk/diabetes-remission](http://www.england.nhs.uk/diabetes-remission)

Individuals must:

- be aged 18–65 years,
- have a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes within the last 6 years, and
- a BMI of over 27 kg/m<sup>2</sup> or higher in people from White ethnic groups, adjusted to 25kg/m<sup>2</sup> or higher in people from Black, Asian and other ethnic groups.

Individuals must also meet other eligibility criteria to be referred to the service. Eligibility may be discussed at your next planned diabetes review with your GP practice.